

Simple Present Exercises

Exercise 1: Circle the keywords and fill in the blanks with the simple present in the affirmative.

1. Mary (play) _____ tennis every day.
2. My friends always (eat) _____ lunch at the cafeteria.
3. It (snow) _____ in the winter time in Canada.

Exercise 2: Circle the keywords and fill in the blanks with the simple present in the negative.

1. Sometimes, my parents (wake up, not) _____ early.
2. James (drink, not) _____ every day.
3. We (watch, not) _____ television every night.

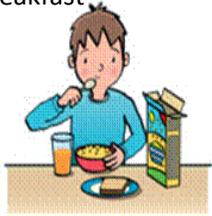
Exercise 3: Circle the keywords and answer the questions with short answers.

1. Does Mary play tennis every day? Yes, _____
2. Do John and Lynn drink beer with their dinner every night? No, _____
3. Does David always eat lunch at McDonald's? No, _____

Exercise 4: Make yes/no questions to go with the highlighted answers.

1. _____ ?
Yes, Sandra likes to speak English.
2. _____ ?
No, Pete and Dave don't live in Montreal.
3. _____ ?
No, I don't text my friends in class.

Simple Present Picture Exercises

wake up at 6:00 	take a shower 	eat breakfast 
drive 	cook 	watch TV 
	do your homework 	play the piano 
listen to music 	play video games 	read 

Verb *be* Present Tense

Exercise 1: Conjugate the verb *be* in the present tense.

Affirmative	Negative	Yes/No Question	Short Answer
I	I		
You	You .....	..... you?	No,
He/She/It	He/She/It .....	..... he?	No,
We	We .....	..... we?	Yes,
You	You .....	..... you?	Yes,
They	They .....	..... they?	Yes,

Exercise 2: Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb *be* in the affirmative in the present.

- Peter (be) _____ on the phone.
- They (be) _____ at home.
- I (be) _____ a student.

Exercise 3: Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb *be* in the negative in the present.

- We (be, not) _____ 50.
- You (be, not) _____ Spanish.
- She (be, not) _____ on holiday.

Exercise 4: Answer the questions with a short answer.

- Are you from Montreal? _____
- Is your best friend female? _____
- Are your parents together? _____

Exercise 5: Make yes/no questions to go with the answer in bold.

10. _____ ?
Yes, they are married.

11. _____ ?
No, she isn't bored.

12. _____ ?
No, I am not friendly.

Negative Regular and Verb *be* Verbs

Exercise 1: Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the simple present.

1. I (be, not) _____ a teacher.
2. Jane (take, not) _____ the bus to school.
3. I (want, not) _____ to buy a new car.
4. My father (have not) _____ a house in Montreal.
5. We (be, not) _____ in our psychology class.

Simple Present Verb *have*

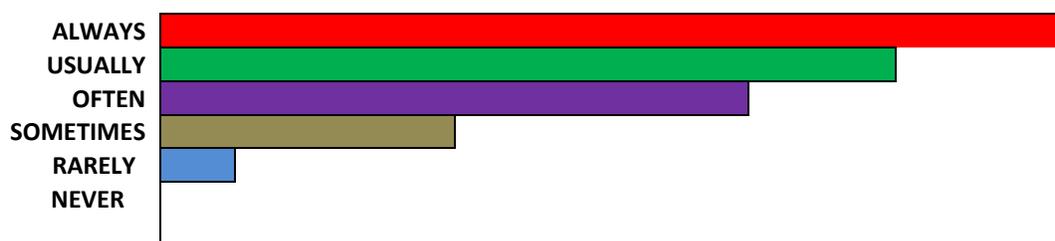
Exercise 1: Conjugate the verb *have* in the simple present.

I	We
You	You
He/She/It	They

Exercise 2: Fill in the blanks with the correct form of *have* in the simple present.

1. I (have) _____ a big nose.
2. He (have) _____ long hair.
3. She (have) _____ small feet.

Adverbs of Frequency and Irregular Simple Present Spelling Exercises



Exercise 5: Answer the questions.

1. What tense do you use with adverbs of frequency? _____
2. Where does the adverb of frequency go with a regular verb? _____
3. Where does the adverb of frequency go with the verb *be*? _____

Exercise 6: Fill in the blanks with the simple present and place the adverb of frequency correctly.

1. She (brush, always) _____ her teeth in the morning.
2. He (go, never) _____ to sleep at eight o'clock.
3. Jane (be, usually) _____ at home in the evenings.
4. Dave (study, sometimes) _____ in the morning.

Exercise 7: Ask your tutor the questions below and write her/his answers in the space provided.

1. How often do you go shopping on the weekend?
My tutor _____ on the weekend.
2. How often do you drive to Montreal?
My tutor _____ to Montreal.
3. How often do you fly to London?
My tutor _____ to London.
4. How often are you at school at 7:00 in the morning?
My tutor is _____ at school in the morning.

Adverbs of Frequency Board Game

Rules:

1. Make a true sentence in the simple present about yourself or another person when you land on a square using a keyword (every day, once a week, always, sometimes, never, etc).
2. Ask your partner a "how often" question or about a person s/he knows using the vocabulary in the square.

Examples: How often do you eat breakfast...?
 How often does your mother eat breakfast?
 How often are you early for class?

start	eat breakfast?	put on make up?	see your best friend?	watch the Simpsons in English?	do the laundry?	dye your hair?		
go on Facebook?	take a bath?	be hungry?	text your friends in class?	miss a turn	be early for class?			
go jogging?	The winner!			clean your bedroom?	go to bed before 10 o'clock?			
watch English movies with subtitles?				drive to school?	cook for your family?	take the bus to school?		
be late for class?				cheat on tests?	sleep in class?	eat dinner with your parents		
go to your English class?				shave your legs?	play video games?	eat pizza?		
text your mother?				eat potato chips?	drink coffee in the morning?	brush your teeth at night?		
smoke cigarettes?				put dishes in the dishwasher?	read an English magazine?	wake up at 6:00 o'clock?	listen to the radio in the morning?	
go to the cinema?							go to your classes?	
miss a turn				drink beer?	wear a dress?	play hockey?	go to a restaurant	see your grandmother?

Introduction to Question Formation

Yes/No and Information Questions

Exercise 1: Underline the yes/no question and circle the information question. Then explain the reasons for your choices.

Type of Question	Reason
a. Are you a CEGEP student?	
b. Where does he work?	

Regular and *Be* Questions

Exercise 2: Underline the example of a regular question and circle the example of the *be* question. Then explain the reasons for your choices.

Type of Question	Reason
a. Do you have a car?	
b. Where are you from?	

Exercise 3: Choose the correct answer about questions.

- “Do you live in Montreal?” is a *yes/no question* because the answer is
 - yes or no*
 - isn’t *yes or no*
- “Where are you from?” is an *information question* because the answer is
 - yes or no*
 - isn’t *yes or no*
- “Where are you from?” is a *be Questions* because
 - the main verb is the verb *be*.
 - the main verb isn’t the verb *be*.
- “Do you live in Montreal?” is a *Regular Question* because
 - the main verb is the verb *be*.
 - the main verb isn’t the verb *be*

Exercise 5: Indicate whether the question is a *Yes/No Question* or an *Information Question* and whether it is a *Regular* or *Be Question* and explain why. Then ask your tutor the questions.

Question	Yes/No Question (y/n)	Regular Question (QASV..)
	Information Question (i)	Be Question (Q <i>be</i> S..)
1. Are you 18 years old?	1. _____	1. _____
2. What is your favourite sport?	2. _____	2. _____
3. Where English TV shows do you watch?	3. _____	3. _____
4. What time is it?	4. _____	4. _____
5. Do you like speaking English?	5. _____	5. _____

Question Formation Steps

1. What tense is it?
2. Is it a yes/no question or an information question?
3. Is it a regular question or *be* question?
4. Form question.
5. Check that the auxiliary agrees with the subject for regular questions or that the verb agrees with the subject for *be* questions.

Exercise 6: Follow the question formation steps to make questions to go with the answers in bold.

Tense	Question Type	Question Form	Question	Agreement
Example <i>simple present</i>	<i>yes/no</i>	<i>regular</i>	<u>Where do they work</u> _____? <i>They work at a hospital</i>	<i>yes</i>
1.			_____? John sells cars .	
2.			_____? Yes , I am a nurse.	
3.			_____? My friends love their English class .	